Sample Questions

Computer Engineering

Subject Name: System Programming and Compiler Construction

Semester: VI

Multiple Choice Questions

	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions carry equal		
	marks		
1.	Which of the following is designed to control the operations of a computer?		
Option A:	Application Software		
Option B:	System Software		
Option C:	Utility Software		
Option D:	User		
2.	A person who designs the programs in a software package is called :		
Option A:	User		
Option B:	Software Manager		
Option C:	System Developer		
Option D:	System Programmer		
3.	Assembler is used as a translator for?		
Option A:	Low level language		
Option B:	High Level Language		
Option C:	COBOL		
Option D:	С		
-			
4.	. They normally interact with the system via the user interface provided by t		
	application software.		
Option A:	Programmers		
Option B:	Developers		
Option C:	Users		
Option D:	Testers		
5.	Storage mapping is done by		
Option A:	Linker		
Option B:	Compiler		
Option C:	Loader		
Option D:	Operating system		
6.	Interpreter is used as a translator for		
Option A:	Low level language		
Option B:	High Level Language		
Option C:	COBOL		
Option D:	С		

7.	A system program that set up an executable program in main memory ready for		
Ontion A.	execution is		
Option A:	Loader		
Option D:			
Option C:	Assembler		
Option D:	Toad and go		
8	The of a system includes the program's or instructions		
Ontion A	I con		
Option B:	Software		
Option C:	Hardware		
Option D:	Information		
option D.			
9.	Instructions which won't appear in the object program are called as		
Option A:	Redundant instructions		
Option B:	Exceptions		
Option C:	Mnemonic opcode		
Option D:	Assembler Directives		
10.	The last statement of the assembly program should be		
Option A:	STOP		
Option B:	RETURN		
Option C:	TERMINATE		
Option D:	END		
11.	Translator for low level programming language were termed as		
Option A:	Assembler		
Option B:	Compiler		
Option C:	Linker		
Option D:	Loader		
12.	The Macro processor is also called as		
Option A:	Preprocessor		
Option B:	Postprocessor		
Option C:	Debugger		
Option D:	Translator		
12	In nonomotonicod magno, the nonomoton is manual using		
13.	hy position		
Option A:	by position		
Option B:	by reference		
Option C:	by string		
Option D:	by string		
14	The linker is a software that is used for		
Option Δ	Creating signle executable load module		
Option R.	Excecuting the program		
Option C	Creating link between program and data		
Option D	Helping loader to load program in memory		
option D.	1 monory		

15. Which is not a function of a loader	Which is not a function of a loader		
Option A: Allocation	Allocation		
Option B: Translation	Translation		
Option C: Relocation			
Option D: Loading	Loading		
16. Which of the following software always resides in main	in memory?		
Option A: Text editor			
Option B: Assembler	Assembler		
Option C: Linker	Linker		
Option D: Loader	Loader		
17. What type of data structure is used by shift reduce	parser		
Option A: linked list			
Option B: Stack	Stack		
Option C: Queue	Queue		
Option D: Pointer	Pointer		
18. We can optimize code by			
Ontion A. Dood code elimination			
Option A: Dead code eminiation			
Option B: Common subprogram	Common subprogram		
Option C: Copy intermediate loop	Loop dedention		
Option D: Loop declaration	Loop declaration		
10 Local and loop antimization in turn provide mativation	for		
19. Local and loop optimization in turn provide motivation	1101		
Option R: Constant folding			
Option C: Des hale entimization	Des hele artimization		
Option D: DEA			
Option D: DFA			
20 Compiler can check error			
Ontion A: Logical			
Option B: Syntax			
Option C: both a and b			
	Content		

Descriptive Questions

What is the forward reference problem? Explain single pass assembler with flowchart.

Explain multi pass assembler in detail

Show machine code generated for following assembly level program along with data structures entries

Explain single pass macro processor

Explain the working of macro processor along with the data structures used in it Explain the working of DLL loader in detail.

Draw and Explain the various phases of compilers with suitable example.

Modify the given grammar and construct a Predictive parser table explaining each step.

 $E \rightarrow E + T|T$ $T \rightarrow T^*V|V$ $V \rightarrow id$.

For a given grammar below, Construct operator precdence relation matrix, assuming *, + are binary operators and 'id' is terminal symbol, and E as Non terminal. E->E+E E->E*E E->id Apply operator precedence parsing algorithm for the statement ' id + id * id'

Consider the following grammar: S --> aSbS | bSaS | Epcillon.

1. Frame the transition table and action / goto table of the given grammar.

2. Demonstrate if the grammar is LR(0) or not.

Explain the working of shift reduce parser along with suitable example

Explain the different forms of intermediate codes used by Compiler.

What is code optimization? Explain machine dependent code optimisation techniques with suitable example

Explain machine independent code optimization techniques with suitable example

Discuss various issues that occur in the code generation phase of the compiler.

Explain the difference between Compiler and Interpreter

Define the various system softwares used in compilers

What is the need of system softwares?

Explain various data structures used in assembler design

What is the need of an assembler to be multi pass?

Explain various types of statements used in assembler design

What are the different functions performed by macroprocessor?

Explain Parameterized macro with suitable example

Explain conditional macro with suitable example.

What are the different functions performed by loader

Enlist different types of noodles and explain compile and go loader in detail

Explain the working of absolute loader.

What do you mean by relocation? Explain relocating loader in detail.

Explain the difference between linking loader and linkage editor.

Explain the working of compiler phases for following expression Position = initial + rate * 60.

Explain the role of finite automata in lexical analysis

Design DFA for given finite automata. (a+b)*abb

Differentiate between top down and bottom up parser.

Define synthesized and inherited attributes used in Syntactic analysis of compiler.

Generate three address code for the following logical expression. If a
b then 1 else 0

Design quadruple and triple for following expression a=(b+c)*(d+e)

Design DAG representation for given expression. a=(a+b)*(a-c)

Explain flow graphs and basic blocks in detail.

Write a short note on LEX and YACC.