



“Portable Battery Swapping / Charging Station For 2-Wheeler”

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Abstract : The transition to electric vehicles (EVs) is key to reducing carbon emissions and promoting sustainable transport. However, a major challenge for EV users is the lack of charging options in emergencies. To address this, we propose an Emergency EV Charging Platform that provides immediate assistance to drivers with low battery levels. The platform features a user-friendly Android app, developed using Kodular, allowing users to submit emergency requests with their username, mobile number, and GPS location.

These requests are stored in a MongoDB database and managed via a Flask admin dashboard for efficient dispatching of support. A spare battery delivery system sends a responder with a battery that includes a Battery Management System (BMS) to track key metrics such as voltage, current, and capacity, which users can view in the app. The system also integrates an Electronic Speed Controller (ESC) and an ESP32 microcontroller for real-time monitoring and optimization. Using a 7.2Ah lead-acid battery as a demo, the platform aims to enhance user confidence in EV technology and promote broader EV adoption.

Keywords - Battery management, Electric vehicles, Emergency charging, Portable charging, Sustainable mobility.

I. INTRODUCTION

The transition to electric vehicles is vital for reducing greenhouse gas emissions and addressing climate change. Despite their environmental benefits, EV adoption is hindered by challenges like inadequate charging infrastructure and "range anxiety", where drivers fear battery depletion, especially in emergencies or remote areas. This paper presents the Emergency EV Charging Platform, a system that ensures reliable emergency charging through a user-friendly mobile app, a MongoDB-managed database, and an admin dashboard for swift response. Developed with Kodular, the app allows users to request assistance, which is managed efficiently and dispatched with spare batteries. Additionally, the paper introduces portable battery swapping and charging stations, which significantly reduce downtime for electric two-wheelers, enhancing convenience and promoting EV adoption. These stations, equipped with a Battery Management System, an electronic speed controller, and real-time monitoring via an ESP32 microcontroller, address range anxiety and support sustainable urban mobility. The paper underscores the environmental and market potential of these innovations, advocating for pilot projects and partnerships to refine and expand this transformative approach.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

The literature survey examines portable battery swapping systems for electric two-wheelers, focusing on technological, economic, and environmental aspects. Smith and Gupta (2022) highlight advancements and the need for standardization, while S. Pargaien et al. (2021) show how swapping stations improve urban mobility by reducing charging times. Patel and Lee (2023) find economic feasibility with long-term cost benefits, and Kumar and Rivera (2020) emphasize environmental gains, including reduced carbon footprints and increased recycling. These studies collectively stress the importance of infrastructure, user acceptance, and sustainability for the adoption of battery swapping systems.

III. METHODOLOGY

The proposed methodology for the Emergency EV Charging Platform is structured into five phases: design, implementation, testing, and deployment. In the design phase, an Android app will be developed using Kodular, focusing on a user-friendly interface to enable quick submission of emergency requests. In the backend development phase, MongoDB will handle user request data, and a Flask-based admin dashboard will facilitate real-time request management for administrators. The integration of hardware components includes a Battery

Management System (BMS) and an ESP32 microcontroller for real-time data monitoring. Comprehensive testing will ensure system reliability, simulating user scenarios to assess performance. Finally, the platform will be deployed, incorporating user feedback for continuous improvement, with marketing efforts to enhance adoption among EV users and stakeholders.

IV. FIGURES AND TABLES

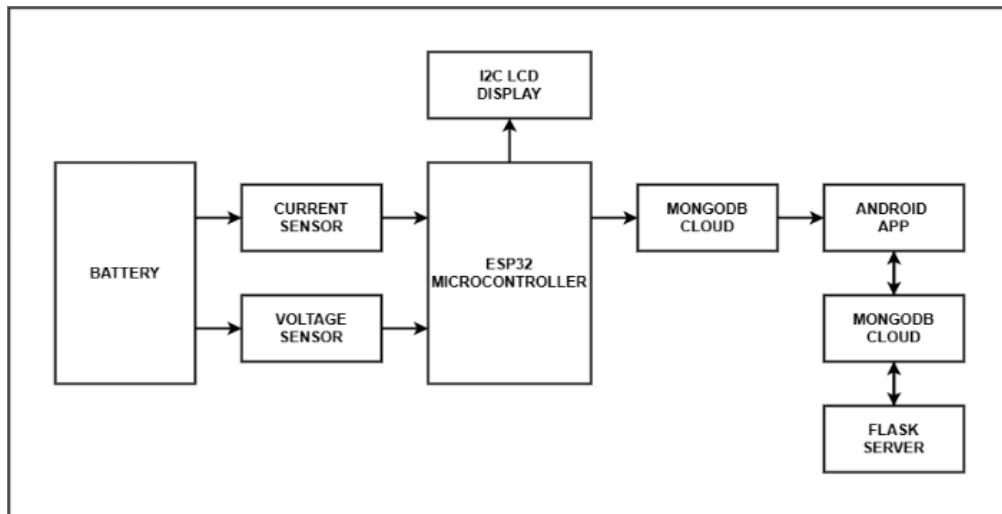


Fig. 1 Block Diagram of System

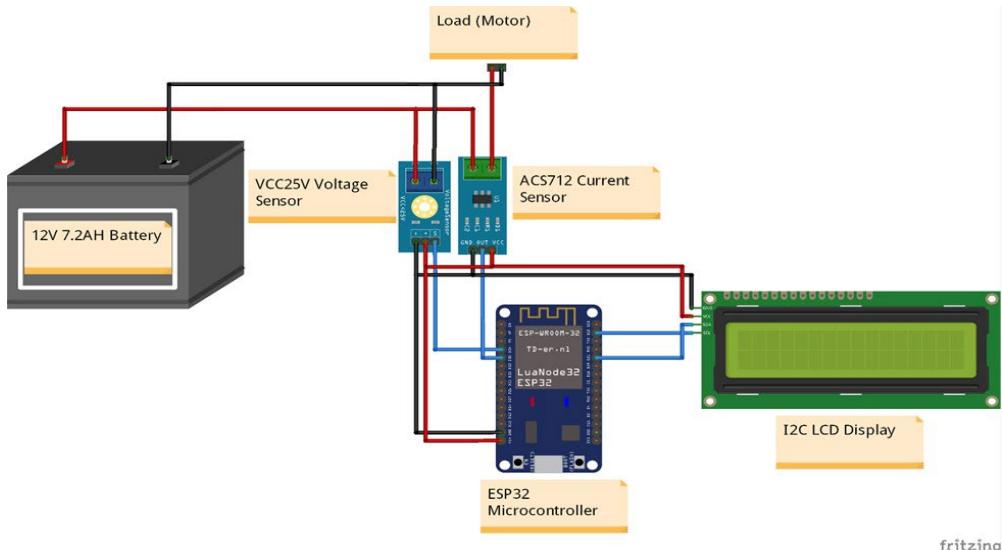


Fig. 2 Circuit Diagram

Table

Sr No.	Component	Specifications
1.	Battery	12V, 7.2Ah
2.	Voltage Sensor	Model: VCC25V, Input Voltage: 0-25V, Output: Scaled to 0-5V for ESP32 input
3.	Current Sensor	Model: ACS712, Current Range: $\pm 5A$, $\pm 20A$, $\pm 30A$ (depending on model), 5V supply
4.	ESP32 Microcontroller	Dual-core 32-bit processor, Wi-Fi/Bluetooth, 160-240 MHz, 36 GPIO pins, 3.3V
5.	I2C LCD Display	Size: 16x2 characters, Interface: I2C, Operating Voltage: 5V

6.	MongoDB Cloud	NoSQL, multi-region, encrypted, auto-scaling
7.	Android App	Kodular, Android 5.0+, real-time features, REST API
8.	Flask Server	Python-based, WSGI, secure with JWT, scalable

V. CONCLUSION

The Emergency EV Charging Platform offers numerous advantages, including instant access to emergency charging, real-time monitoring via the ESP32 microcontroller, and the safety of a Battery Management System, ensuring a secure and reliable charging process. It minimizes range anxiety, encourages EV adoption, and provides a seamless user experience through a user-friendly Android app. The platform is scalable, cost-effective, and offers flexibility, making it ideal for EV drivers, fleet operators, emergency services, and long-distance travelers. Additionally, it supports sustainable transportation by integrating with government and municipal services, commercial charging networks, and electric vehicle fleets, ensuring uninterrupted service and promoting green energy initiatives. By addressing key challenges in the EV ecosystem, this platform plays a critical role in advancing the widespread use of electric vehicles and contributing to a more sustainable future.

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